

# **Greenhouse Gas Emissions Verification Report**

## To: Nuvoton Technology Corporation Japan

## 1. Objective and Scope

Japan Quality Assurance Organization (hereafter "JQA") was engaged by Nuvoton Technology Corporation Japan (hereafter "the Company") to provide an independent verification on the "Nuvoton Technology Corporation Japan Greenhouse Gas Emissions Calculation report <FY2024>" (hereafter "the Report") established by the Company. The content of our verification was to express our conclusion, based on our verification procedures, on whether the statement of information regarding the FY2024\* GHG emissions in "Chapter 6: GHG Reporting Information" of the Report was correctly measured and calculated, in accordance with "ISO 14064-1:2018 (JIS Q 14064-1:2023)", and calculation rule stated in the Report (hereafter "the Rule"). The purpose of the verification is to evaluate the Report objectively and to enhance the credibility of the Report.

\* FY2024 refers to the period from January 1 to December 31, 2024.

#### 2. Procedures Performed

JQA conducted verification in accordance with "ISO 14064-3:2019 (JIS Q 14064-3:2023)". The scope of this verification assignment covers Direct GHG emissions (Category 1: CO2, CH4, N2O, HFCs, PFCs, SF6, NF3), and Indirect GHG emissions (Category 2,3,4,5,6). The verification was conducted to a limited level of assurance and quantitative materiality was set at 5 percent of the total emissions in the Report. The organizational boundaries of this verification cover seven domestic sites of the Company. Our verification procedures included:

- Conforming the integrated functions and the Rule prior to the site visit.
- Holding on-site assessment for Direct GHG emissions (Category 1), and Indirect GHG emissions (Category 2) at two sites: Head Office & Uozu District. The location of sampling sites for on-site assessment was selected by the Company.
- Holding on-site assessment to check the Report's boundaries; GHG emission sources, monitoring points, monitoring and calculation system and its controls.
- Performing Indirect GHG emissions (Category 3,4,5,6) verification to check the Report's boundary, calculation scenario and allocation method, monitoring and calculation system and its controls.
- Vouching: Cross-checking the calculation data against evidence.

### 3. Conclusion

Based on the procedures described above, nothing has come to our attention that caused us to believe that the information regarding the Company's FY2024 GHG emissions in the Report is not materially correct, or has not been prepared in accordance with "ISO14064-1: 2018 (JIS Q 14064-1:2023)" and the Rule.

ISO14064-1:2018 (JIS Q 14064-1:2023)			GHG Emissions (t-CO2e)		GHG Protocol
Category			IPCC2006AR5	IPCC2019AR6	Scope3 Category
1	-	Direct GHG emissions and removals	15,656	17,920	(Scope1)
2	-	Indirect GHG emissions from imported energy	53,021*1	49,465*2	(Scope2)
3	3.1	Emissions from upstream transport and distribution for goods	1,097		4
	3.2	Emissions from downstream transport and distribution for goods	146		9
	3.3	Emissions from employee commuting	441		7
	3.5	Emissions from business travel	877		6
4	4.1	Emissions from purchased goods and services	271,196		1
		Emissions from fuel-and-energy-related activiteis(not included in Category1 or 2)	14,199		3
	4.2	Emissions from capital goods	11,646		2
	4.3	Emissions from the disposal of solid and liquid waste	45		5
5	5.2	Emissions from downstream leased assets	134,031		13
6	-	Indirect GHG emissions associated with the use of products from the organization	Not subject		14

<sup>\*1:</sup>Market-based, \*2:Location-based

## 4. Consideration

The Company was responsible for preparing the Report, and JQA's responsibility was to conduct verification of GHG emissions in the Report only. There is no conflict of interest between the Company and JQA.

Sumio Asada, Board Director

For and on behalf of Japan Quality Assurance Organization

1-25, Kandasudacho, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo, Japan

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